

EXHIBIT 1

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA

IN RE: PORK ANTITRUST
LITIGATION

File No. 18-CV-1776
(JRT/JFD)

St. Paul, Minnesota
December 9, 2022

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BEFORE THE HONORABLE JOHN F. DOCHERTY
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MAGISTRATE JUDGE
(MOTION HEARING)

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P R O C E E D I N G S

(VIA ZOOM VIDEO CONFERENCE)

THE COURT: Good afternoon, everybody. My name is John Docherty. I'm the federal magistrate judge assigned to this case.

We are here on Zoom this afternoon for a hearing on a motion to compel that's been brought by two of the direct action plaintiffs, Sysco Corporation and Amory Investments, LLC, and by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, seeking to try and compel JBS to add two topics that weren't covered before to its 30(b)(6) deposition.

Appearances have been noticed before this started. I'll just repeat what Ms. Meyers said. We don't have a court reporter. If you do start talking fast or your audio is poor, I will, with respect, interrupt you, but otherwise, I think that we are ready to go.

I understand that Mr. Michael Mitchell will be speaking on behalf of the two direct action plaintiffs. And then Mr. -- is it Fagnani?

MR. FAGNANI: Fagnani, yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I pronounced it right. Good. For the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

It does not matter to me whether Mr. Mitchell or Mr. Fagnani goes first, but why don't we, just for the sake of making a decision, have Mr. Mitchell lead us off.

1 MR. MITCHELL: Thank you, Judge Docherty. Good
2 afternoon.

3 I'd like to, if I could, use our time this
4 afternoon to address some of the arguments that JBS made in
5 its opposition to our motion. Of course, if there are any
6 particular questions that you may have or if there are
7 issues in the briefing that you would like me to address
8 specifically, obviously please feel free to interrupt me at
9 any time.

10 But what I'd like to try to do is address JBS'
11 opposition. And there are really three parts to it, the
12 first being JBS' argument that the motion should be denied
13 because it was untimely through, really, two things. First,
14 our supposed failure to meet and confer on the topics at
15 issue and, secondly, our supposed delay in bringing the
16 motion to the Court's attention.

17 So first, on the duty to meet and confer, I don't
18 think that there is any dispute about the facts of the
19 meet-and-confer process that occurred here prior to our
20 filing the motion. It's detailed in our briefing. But I
21 think there are just a few points that I'd like to make
22 about that, and it is that we had two telephonic
23 meet-and-confers with JBS. The first was in August
24 regarding the draft 30(b)(6) notice that we sent to them.

25 And I was not personally on that call, but my

1 understanding is that all of the topics in the draft notice,
2 including the two topics that are at issue in the motion,
3 were discussed during that initial conference. That was
4 followed by our serving the formal notice itself, to which
5 JBS responded, again, to the topics at issue by refusing to
6 designate a witness. In the subsequent telephonic
7 meet-and-confer we had, there were other topics that were
8 discussed.

9 But following that, we sent an email to them, and
10 this is in Exhibit D to our motion, in which we told them
11 that we intended to, with respect to those two topics -- the
12 two topics at issue about the compliance policies, that if
13 they were going to maintain their refusal, that we intended
14 to move to compel and that if -- and we told them that if
15 there is anything else that they would like to discuss about
16 those topics, to please let us know.

17 THE COURT: Okay. Let's go through this a little
18 bit.

19 The 30(b)(6) notice was served on the 14th of
20 September; is that right?

21 MR. MITCHELL: That's correct.

22 THE COURT: And then JBS objected on the 20th?

23 MR. MITCHELL: Also correct.

24 THE COURT: The meet-and-confer was held on the
25 22nd.

1 MR. MITCHELL: The second meet-and-confer, yes.

2 THE COURT: Well, okay. We'll circle back to your
3 use of the word "second."

4 There was a meet-and-confer on September 22nd.
5 You don't indicate in your brief that these two topics were
6 raised there, nor does JBS, nor is it on the list of topics
7 to be discussed at the meet-and-confer.

8 Is that all correct also?

9 MR. MITCHELL: That is correct.

10 THE COURT: Okay. And you know that the Court
11 does not consider emailing and letter writing to be a form
12 of meet-and-confer. I understand that, you know, this is
13 geographically dispersed counsel. We're not going to get
14 together face to face, but telephone or Zoom video or
15 videoconferencing, like we're using today, was an option,
16 correct?

17 MR. MITCHELL: That is correct, Your Honor.

18 THE COURT: So is the meet-and-confer that you are
19 hanging your hat on one that was conducted in August before
20 the 30(b)(6) notice was even served?

21 MR. MITCHELL: That is correct. It was in regards
22 to the draft notice, which included these topics. But yes,
23 that is correct.

24 THE COURT: All right. And why is that an
25 adequate meet-and-confer for a motion to compel when the

1 30(b)(6) notice and objection and meet-and-confer are all
2 held on that 30(b)(6) notice?

3 MR. MITCHELL: Well, Your Honor, it was our view
4 that -- we had discussed that topic with JBS, and then we
5 received from JBS two written express refusals to identify
6 any witness but asked them that, you know, if we were wrong
7 about that -- that we intended to move to compel, but if we
8 were wrong about that, that if there was anything else to
9 discuss, to let us know.

10 THE COURT: Okay. And then Mr. -- is it -- am I
11 saying it right, Manternach, had his deposition taken on
12 September 27th. I haven't looked at the transcript of that
13 deposition, I will admit, but were any questions asked about
14 the two topics at issue?

15 MR. MITCHELL: There were no questions asked.

16 THE COURT: Was there --

17 MR. MITCHELL: We asked -- I'm sorry. If I may,
18 Your Honor.

19 THE COURT: Yes.

20 MR. MITCHELL: We asked if the witness was
21 prepared to testify on those topics, and he said he was not.
22 And counsel, of course, interposed objections -- the
23 objections that they had stated in the written objections to
24 us on those topics. But there were no substantive questions
25 asked on those topics themselves.

1 THE COURT: And other than what you've just
2 described, was there any discussion between counsel about
3 those topics?

4 MR. MITCHELL: You mean on the record during the
5 30(b)(6)?

6 THE COURT: Correct.

7 MR. MITCHELL: There was no discussion between
8 counsel except the objections that were made by JBS on the
9 record at the deposition.

10 THE COURT: Okay. Now, what's the nondispositive
11 motion deadline in this case?

12 MR. MITCHELL: It was November 14th, although as
13 you know, Your Honor, that was extended originally from
14 October 31st to November 14th.

15 THE COURT: I have it actually the other way
16 around. It was November 14th. Then Judge Tunheim issued
17 pretrial order number 1 on October the 4th, and that changed
18 the date to October 31st.

19 So is it your -- now, you didn't mention this in
20 your brief. JBS mentions it in their opposition, and they
21 say that the deadline is October 31st.

22 What's your view?

23 MR. MITCHELL: No. Our view is that -- and I
24 think the record will reflect this, that the original
25 nondispositive motion deadline was the same date as the end

1 of the fact discovery deadline, which was October 31st. And
2 the parties all agreed that in light of what was a very busy
3 deposition schedule in October, to extend that deadline to
4 November 14th, and that was -- that was the day -- the last
5 day the nondispositive motion deadline that had been
6 extended to November 14th, that is the day that the motion
7 was filed.

8 THE COURT: All right. And then on November --
9 among other things, though, I mean, there was more activity
10 there. For example, on September 28th we had a hearing
11 about serving letters rogatory to Canada for the deposition
12 of Mr. Matsumoto. So that was a deposition that was being
13 discussed after the 30(b)(6) deposition of JBS, correct?

14 MR. MITCHELL: Yes. And I think there were many
15 others as well, but yes.

16 THE COURT: Yes, there were. And, in fact,
17 they're well summarized, I think, in a stipulation of
18 November the 3rd where there's a whole bunch of depositions
19 that are going to be taken after the close of fact
20 discovery, and this 30(b)(6) is not on them.

21 MR. MITCHELL: That is correct, although I think
22 there are other depositions in the case that were not listed
23 there as well that are currently being discussed. But you
24 are correct, Your Honor, that was not -- the JBS 30(b)(6)
25 that's the subject of this motion was not identified there.

1 THE COURT: Okay. So I've been asking you a lot
2 of -- why then is this motion timely?

3 MR. MITCHELL: Well, Your Honor, I think, in our
4 view, I mean, we didn't understand any of the -- the
5 pretrial order or the -- and the case management plan that
6 we submitted to require that unless our motion was
7 specifically stated in there, that it would be -- that it
8 would be waived.

9 And the delay, I think, that we're talking about
10 that JBS is hanging its hat on here really amounts to what
11 is a couple of weeks in a very -- in what was a very busy
12 last month of fact discovery. There were dozens of
13 depositions, dozens of depositions of defendants, more than
14 30 depositions of DAPs, and that was the reason why the
15 parties extended that nondispositive motion deadline from
16 October 31 to November 14th.

17 So what we're talking about, I think, from our
18 perspective, is JBS' complaint that it should have been
19 filed a few weeks earlier, and I don't think that that
20 constitutes delay. Certainly it is not consistent with the
21 delay that's described in the cases that they cite, which
22 were, you know, months, in some cases over a year of delay,
23 when a party sought at the very end of fact discovery
24 extensive discovery documents, dozens of document requests,
25 dozens of interrogatories.

1 Here, we're talking about, I think, a limited
2 deposition of no more than a few hours, and I can explain
3 that in more detail if it would be helpful to the Court.

4 But for all of those reasons, I don't think that
5 this qualifies as the kind of delay that would warrant
6 precluding us from taking the deposition that we think is
7 important.

8 THE COURT: Sorry about that.

9 Is your claim then that there was no delay, or is
10 it your claim that there was delay but it's not undue delay?

11 MR. MITCHELL: I don't think there was any --
12 well, I don't think there -- I don't think we delayed,
13 because we worked -- I can tell you, given how busy we were,
14 we believed we were diligent and worked expeditiously to get
15 this motion filed by the deadline that was set, the extended
16 deadline that was set upon agreement of the parties.
17 Certainly we would -- I do not believe that the delay was
18 undue.

19 THE COURT: Okay. And the reason I was muted is
20 because I was checking on the date for the nondispositive
21 motions deadline, and I can tell you what I found, which is
22 that on September the 9th the Court approved a stipulation
23 that extended the nondispositive motion deadline to November
24 14th. The docket number is 1486 and 1488, but that order
25 was followed and, in my view, therefore superceded by

1 pretrial order number 1, because that came out on October
2 4th and that set a nondispositive motions deadline of
3 October 31st.

4 So I am taking the view that this is untimely, but
5 I'm also willing, of course, to hear what you have to say as
6 to why any delay is excusable or not undue or whatever the
7 words would be.

8 In connection, though, with the importance that
9 you attach to this deposition, because you just did say
10 something about that, I note that there are, correct me if
11 I'm wrong, about 20 direct action plaintiffs in this case
12 and there's two of them on this motion, plus the
13 Commonwealth, and I don't think you've tried to have the
14 same 30(b)(6) topics with any of the other defendants.
15 That's not explained in your briefing, and it at least makes
16 my eyebrows go up because I wonder whether that's evidence
17 that it's not really all that important, and if it's not
18 really all that important, that would factor into, of
19 course, a proportionality analysis.

20 Could you speak to that a little bit, please?

21 MR. MITCHELL: Yes, of course. So I think -- and
22 JBS was quite careful about how it worded this. There are
23 many more than 20 DAPs in the case. What its opposition
24 said is that of the 20 DAPs who could have joined this
25 motion, because there are many DAPs, it appears, as we

1 interpret from the filings in the case, that have settled.
2 So there are -- there are some numbers of DAPs, 20 to 30
3 DAPs who it appears have settled with JBS and, therefore, as
4 we understand it, could not join our motion. And obviously,
5 the classes -- the classes haven't joined our motion because
6 they also have settled with JBS and agreed to pay, as you
7 know, nearly \$60 million to settle with JBS.

8 But if the inference that JBS is trying to have
9 you draw that the other DAPs who remain in the case disagree
10 with us on this motion, I don't think that that is correct.
11 I can represent to you that I'm unaware of any DAP who could
12 have joined this motion who disagrees with it. And, of
13 course, the other DAPs don't have to join the motion to get
14 the benefit of it. If the motion were to be granted, they
15 would get the benefit of the testimony and they could use
16 it.

17 And I will also say, you know, in my duty of
18 candor, that we -- the moving DAPs maybe didn't give the
19 other DAPs who could have joined this motion enough time,
20 given the flurry of activity that was happening the end of
21 discovery in terms of joining the motion, but I don't
22 think -- I don't think it's fair to say that because there
23 aren't more of the remaining DAPs who could have joined this
24 motion, that they don't agree with it and that they don't
25 consider it to be important.

1 I would say --

2 THE COURT: That's part of it. And just to be
3 clear, I didn't draw any conclusion that the other DAPs
4 disagreed with you. Rather, I gathered that in the press of
5 business, people have to make choices about how they
6 allocate their time. They allocate their time to things
7 that are important. And if the other DAPs are not -- you
8 know, can't be bothered to join this motion, it's because
9 it's far down on their to-do list, if their to-do list is
10 ordered top to bottom in terms of priority. That's more --
11 and it wasn't even a conclusion I drew. It was a question I
12 wanted to ask you.

13 What about then the fact that there are a number
14 of other defendants who have also said, we're not answering
15 questions at 30(b)(6) about our antitrust policies and
16 training on them? And it doesn't look like there are
17 motions to compel pending against them.

18 MR. MITCHELL: I think there are a couple of
19 differences between JBS that makes JBS uniquely situated
20 here.

21 The first is that I don't think JBS is in the same
22 position relative to these other defendants as to their
23 objections. So, for example, Hormel objected to that topic
24 on grounds of burden, specifically to this issue of
25 policies. JBS did not.

1 Seaboard objected to the topic as irrelevant. As
2 we point out in our motion, JBS did not identify a relevance
3 objection in response to these two specific topics.

4 Triumph is the other defendant that JBS cites in
5 its papers. It objected to the similar topic as calling for
6 privileged information insofar as the topic sought
7 interpretations by counsel but otherwise agreed to put up
8 someone on the topic and, indeed, that witness testified in
9 response to questions about that topic. So in that way, I
10 don't think -- I think JBS is not the same as the other
11 defendants.

12 And another, I think, important reason to this
13 notion that we're singling out JBS, I think there's an
14 important distinction about JBS in what I would characterize
15 what appears to be a systemic problem with compliance in
16 light of several facts, the first being it's widely been
17 reported that JBS has implemented an increased compliance
18 program in response to -- or in the wake of scandals by its
19 parent company and senior executives, resulting in JBS'
20 parent company paying I think over -- or in the neighborhood
21 of 250 or more than 250 million in fines to the DOJ and the
22 SEC. Similarly, I think a subsidiary of JBS, Pilgrim's
23 Pride, has entered into a plea agreement in the chicken
24 case, as you probably know, agreeing to pay a fine of I
25 think it's \$107 million in that case.

1 So with respect to its compliance conduct, I think
2 JBS appears to be differently situated, which is why we
3 think testimony from JBS is important.

4 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

5 Mr. Fagnani, do you wish to be heard on behalf of
6 the Commonwealth?

7 MR. FAGNANI: No, Your Honor, I don't. I don't
8 have anything to add to what Mr. Mitchell has said.

9 THE COURT: Fair enough.

10 Ms. Nelson, will it be you or Mr. Rashid who
11 speaks on behalf of JBS?

12 MS. NELSON: Good afternoon, Your Honor. It will
13 be me.

14 THE COURT: Okay. You have the floor.

15 MS. NELSON: Thank you, Your Honor.

16 Well, Your Honor, we are very surprised to be here
17 today, given the lack of any kind of telephone conference or
18 meet-and-confer on these two disputed topics.

19 And, Your Honor, we agree with you that this
20 motion is untimely, and I won't belabor that point. But,
21 Your Honor, they conducted this deposition without meeting
22 and conferring on these two topics. That was two and a half
23 months ago. Mr. Manternach testified for nearly a full day
24 on September -- back in September, and, Your Honor, we --

25 THE COURT: September 27th?

1 MS. NELSON: Sorry?

2 THE COURT: September 27th?

3 MS. NELSON: Yes. And we would be in a much
4 different position today if the DAPs had raised these
5 disputed topics on that meet-and-confer call that we did
6 have prior to the deposition. And as Mr. Mitchell
7 referenced, during the deposition we made a record that they
8 never met and conferred with us on the --

9 THE COURT: Well, to Mr. Mitchell's point,
10 Mr. Mitchell would take issue with your use of the word
11 "never" because there was a meet-and-confer over the draft
12 30(b)(6) notice back in August. I understand that you are
13 probably entitled to, you know, technically stand on the
14 idea that there wasn't a meet-and-confer following the
15 filing of the 30(b)(6) notice. But really, as a practical
16 matter, why wasn't that August meet-and-confer sufficient to
17 put you on notice?

18 MS. NELSON: Before this argument, Your Honor -- I
19 was not on that August call either, but before this
20 argument, I clarified with JBS' counsel, who was on that
21 call -- Mr. Rashid and I asked specifically, were these two
22 topics discussed on the August call, and he said no, they
23 were not discussed on that call. And even if they were, as
24 Your Honor has noted, that's not the same as having actually
25 been served with official topics and serving official

1 objections and responses and actually meeting and conferring
2 on those topics prior to the deposition.

3 THE COURT: Correct me if I'm wrong, but I don't
4 think that anywhere in your brief you said that these topics
5 were not relevant. You say they're not -- you say that
6 complying is unduly burdensome and not proportional, but I
7 don't think you're saying that the examination of JBS'
8 antitrust policies and training of executives on the
9 antitrust laws is irrelevant.

10 MS. NELSON: The policies themselves may be
11 marginally relevant, so our argument, Your Honor, is that
12 they are not important and that it would be unduly
13 burdensome and that that burden outweighs the benefit of
14 these topics.

15 And, Your Honor, I think you were right to have
16 your eyebrows raised by the fact that there are only three
17 of the 20 DAPs that have claims against JBS joining this
18 motion. You know, it's significant. The other DAPs did not
19 put their name on this, which is telling, and --

20 THE COURT: Well, let me interrupt you on that.

21 MS. NELSON: Sure.

22 THE COURT: The briefs on both sides were written
23 by very good lawyers who chose their words carefully. That
24 is not a criticism and it's, in fact, a compliment. And
25 Mr. Mitchell points out that the number of DAPs who could

1 join this motion is actually, at least I got the impression,
2 quite small because a number of people have settled with
3 your client and, therefore, aren't in a position to anymore
4 be taking depositions of your client.

5 MS. NELSON: I think what he was saying is there
6 are actually more than 20 DAPs in this case -- or many more
7 than 20 DAPs in this case, but there are 20 DAPs with claims
8 remaining against JBS who could have joined this motion.

9 THE COURT: All right. Then -- okay. No, that's
10 all the questions I have. Thank you.

11 MS. NELSON: I'd like to address, Your Honor,
12 Mr. Mitchell's argument about why JBS is uniquely situated.
13 And first, his claim that there are systematic problems with
14 compliance is a red herring, those are separately
15 incorporated entities. Pilgrim's Pride is a publicly traded
16 entity that is in the business of chicken. These are
17 different executives, different decision-makers than the
18 pork decision-makers at JBS USA here.

19 THE COURT: Well, it's the same family of
20 companies, though, Ms. Nelson, and there's just -- I don't
21 know that you can really dispute that there have been some
22 problems.

23 MS. NELSON: With other business units --

24 THE COURT: Well, with other business units of the
25 same corporate family, leading to payments of fines in the

1 hundreds of millions of dollars.

2 MS. NELSON: And the fact, as you mentioned, that
3 they are not seeking the same testimony against the other
4 defendants is also telling that this is not that important
5 to their claims.

6 Your Honor, I'll note that JBS' objections are
7 very similar to the other defendants. We objected based on
8 relevance -- we objected that -- based on proportionality
9 because this case isn't about employment practices. We
10 objected based on burden. We objected based on privilege
11 and legal conclusions, the same as Hormel and Seaboard did.

12 And I'll note that Mr. Mitchell's firm took the
13 deposition of Hormel, and Hormel did not provide a witness
14 on these topics and there's no motion. And, again, it's
15 just an indication that this extra testimony is not
16 proportional -- or is not proportional because it's not
17 important to their claims.

18 THE COURT: All right.

19 MS. NELSON: And, Your Honor, if I may, as to the
20 delay, that also goes to the proportionality analysis,
21 because if this were really important to the DAPs, they
22 would have raised this dispute much earlier than they did.

23 And, Your Honor, they did miss the deadline in the
24 Court's scheduling order, so as you know, they have to show
25 diligence and good cause, and I didn't really hear any

1 explanation of diligence or good cause that would justify
2 missing the burden, especially in light of the fact that
3 even between the deposition and between the close of fact
4 discovery and the nondispositive motion deadline, these
5 issues were raised and the Court ordered the parties to
6 specifically disclose any discovery that was going to happen
7 after the close of fact discovery. Specifically asked the
8 parties to call out that information, specifically asked the
9 parties to promptly meet and confer on any disputed issues.

10 And we had a case managements conference. We
11 submitted a joint status report that outlined very
12 specifically the depositions and all the fact discovery that
13 was going to happen after the Court's deadline. We
14 discussed those issues with the Court at the case management
15 conference, including upcoming motions. And then we filed a
16 stipulation very specifically outlining that discovery that
17 was going to happen after October 31st. The Court, of
18 course, issued an order on that stipulation.

19 And during all of these opportunities, these DAPs
20 remained silent. And they filed their motion on November
21 14th, two weeks after the nondispositive motion deadline,
22 and they did so without ever requesting a call from JBS on
23 this issue. In fact, they emailed on that date and said,
24 we're calling the Court for a hearing date, and we responded
25 that please don't contact -- this is a surprise to us;

1 please don't contact the Court until you hear from us. And
2 then they said, well, today is the deadline, in their view,
3 so we're going to file our motion.

4 So, Your Honor, for all of these reasons, we
5 believe that Your Honor should deny the motion as untimely
6 because they did not act with diligence and they didn't
7 fulfill their meet-and-confer obligation.

8 And, Your Honor, I'll just touch on burden. Even
9 if this testimony were marginally important, which we don't
10 believe it is, but even if it were, the burden would
11 outweigh any benefit because these are legal compliance
12 policies.

13 And if you look at the policy itself, Your Honor,
14 which is Exhibit -- one of the DAP's Exhibit F, the person
15 that is in charge of enforcing the policy, the person in
16 charge of compliance issues is the ethics officer, and it
17 states that the ethics officer is JBS' general counsel. So
18 this is a policy that's developed and implemented by legal
19 counsel. It is aimed at legal compliance. Specifically the
20 sections that are at issue in this motion deal with
21 compliance with the antitrust laws, and that is improper
22 testimony to seek from a lay witness.

23 Also --

24 THE COURT: Wait. Why is that? I mean, okay, so
25 legal counsel says, don't fix prices. Why is it illegal or

1 improper -- or even improper to ask an executive, do you
2 understand it's illegal to meet with your competitors and
3 agree on price?

4 MS. NELSON: Well, you can ask about the very
5 language of the policy, but going beyond the language of the
6 policy, if there are issues that come up, those are going to
7 go to legal. Those are going to go to the general counsel,
8 ultimately, and --

9 THE COURT: Well, you hope they are, but maybe
10 they're not, you know. And I think that that would be a
11 perfectly fair question to ask.

12 MS. NELSON: So to prepare a witness on this,
13 though, you essentially need to sit down with in-house
14 counsel and get in-house counsel's view on all this, and I
15 think that invades the attorney-client privilege. And there
16 are a number of cases in our brief that actually do say that
17 legal compliance policies necessarily invoke legal
18 conclusions.

19 THE COURT: Which cases are those? Because I've
20 got maybe four cases. You've got the *Polyurethane Foam*
21 case, *J & M Distributing*, the *Linerboard* case, and the
22 *Tableware* case, but those deal with the admissibility of
23 antitrust policies into evidence. They don't deal with
24 deposition testimony about antitrust compliance policies.

25 MS. NELSON: Yeah, and that's exactly right, Your

1 Honor. So the cases that I am talking about are, on page 15
2 of our brief, the *MM Steel* case says, the internal antitrust
3 compliance policies necessarily present legal conclusions as
4 of the scope and the meaning of the act. And then we cite
5 cases in general that it's improper to seek late testimony
6 from a 30(b)(6) witness regarding legal conclusions, and
7 those cases are cited on page 15 of our brief.

8 THE COURT: All right. Let me go back to
9 Mr. Mitchell for some brief rebuttal, and then we will see
10 where we are.

11 Mr. Mitchell, how many direct action plaintiffs
12 does it take to file a motion? How many direct action
13 plaintiffs are in this case that could have joined this
14 motion and did not do so?

15 MR. MITCHELL: Well, I will take -- well, I don't
16 know the exact number of DAPs in the case, but I think it's
17 north of 50 or 60. But just taking JBS' representation that
18 there are 20 DAPs in the case who have current -- who
19 currently have claims against JBS, our clients are two of
20 them, so that would leave 18.

21 I suppose if it would make a difference to JBS or
22 the Court about the significance of this, we could take a
23 poll of the DAPs that remain, whether they agree or join the
24 motion, and report back to the Court. But I don't think
25 that's necessary for the reasons I said, which is, you know,

1 all of those DAPs who remain with claims against JBS will
2 benefit from any deposition that the Court permits us to
3 take.

4 If I could just address some of the arguments that
5 Ms. Nelson made with respect to burden as it goes to the
6 proportionality analysis. JBS' burden objection is
7 boilerplate and nothing more than that, nor have they
8 substantiated it, I think, in any way as this Court
9 typically would require through an affidavit or otherwise.

10 With respect to this notion that the testimony
11 that we would seek is privileged, obviously that's hard to
12 square with the fact that the policies themselves were
13 produced, and they're not claiming privilege over those.

14 And JBS seems to want to have it both ways, which
15 is you have the documents. The documents should be
16 sufficient. But if that's true, then there can't be a
17 burden as to preparing a witness. The only burden that I've
18 heard is that we would need to consult with an in-house
19 lawyer about, you know, the testimony that would be
20 provided. Well, it wouldn't be the first time that an
21 in-house lawyer ends up being the 30(b)(6) designee on a
22 topic. I mean, that's what you do in all cases. If a
23 witness has personal knowledge as to some topic and it's
24 more efficient to do so and less burdensome than to prepare
25 someone else, then you just put up that witness. So if it's

1 in-house counsel who's the designee, that's the way to
2 address that problem.

3 And as you identified, I think, there are lots of
4 questions here about the policies and the mechanics of the
5 policies. When they were created, when they were
6 implemented, were they implemented throughout the entire
7 relevant time period, what was the process by which
8 employees certified their acknowledgment with that policy.
9 For example, if you look at the policy itself, which is
10 Exhibit F to our motion, there's an acknowledgment at the
11 back of that that says, all employees are provided this
12 policy and are supposed to sign it. And then a copy goes to
13 the HR file at JBS and the person is given a copy. None of
14 those, as far as we can tell, were produced. So was this
15 policy in paper only or what did -- did JBS actually follow
16 it? And if so, what did it do? How did it train the
17 employees to follow the policy? And I think all of those
18 things would be relevant -- certainly relevant and,
19 therefore, discoverable.

20 And I think this goes to something you identified,
21 which is there's a difference between discoverability and
22 admissibility. And I think we should not lose sight of the
23 fact that we would hope that obviously there -- there will
24 be some court for the DAPs who have a remand right, and if
25 this case were to go back to the courts in which we were

1 originally filed, this question about admissibility would be
2 confronted and decided by the trial court.

3 So it would be our view that the proper step here
4 is to do this incrementally, not to foreclose the
5 deposition, but because this information is discoverable, we
6 take the discovery. And as I said, there's only about two
7 and a half hours left on the record of the JBS 30(b)(6). I
8 don't even think we'd need all of that time. So we're
9 talking about a very limited deposition, which we think
10 there certainly is benefit to getting for the reasons I
11 said. And once we have that information, at least we have
12 it, and at least we can argue to the trial court when we get
13 there about why this evidence is admissible, and I don't
14 think we should foreclose that now and thereby preclude any
15 argument in the trial court from ever being made.

16 So I think -- and just one more point, Your Honor,
17 if I could, on this notion of legal conclusions. If you
18 look at the cases that they cite, the topics at issue in
19 those cases were really contention deposition topics. What
20 do you contend as to some legal issue in the case? That is
21 not what these topics are. What is your interpretation of
22 the contracts at issue? What are the facts that you contend
23 that show that you acted in a way with ordinary care, which
24 is a legal issue?

25 So I think there are important distinctions to be

1 made with respect to the topics here. And I think there's
2 plenty of factual information -- non-privileged factual
3 information that we can ask about these policies that
4 warrant the deposition.

5 I will stop there. Thank you for the opportunity,
6 Your Honor.

7 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you both. I'm going to
8 step away for about two or -- two to five minutes. Just sit
9 tight. I'll be back. I anticipate being able to rule on
10 this today, but just hold on.

11 (Off the record.)

12 THE COURT: All right, everybody. Thank you for
13 your patience.

14 The motion of the direct action plaintiffs Sysco
15 and Amory and also of plaintiff, Commonwealth of Puerto
16 Rico, is respectfully denied. Here are the reasons.

17 First of all, the motion is untimely. I went
18 through the timeline when I was speaking with Mr. Mitchell,
19 but I will do it again now.

20 And I also want to say that I'm not going to be
21 issuing a written order on this and that, therefore, this
22 oral ruling is going to be the formal order of the Court.

23 There was discussion in August. There was a
24 meet-and-confer. There are differing claims about what was
25 discussed at that meet-and-confer, but it really doesn't

1 matter because that was not a meet-and-confer on a filed
2 motion. And that is not simply a formalistic distinction.
3 That is a distinction with a difference, because when one
4 has the concrete motion in front of a person, lawyers are
5 able to talk about the actual motion that was filed.

6 The 30(b)(6) notice was provided on the 14th of
7 September. Objections were made by JBS on the 20th of
8 September. A meet-and-confer was held on the 22nd. These
9 topics were not raised at that meet-and-confer. These two
10 topics were not on the list of topics to be discussed at the
11 meet-and-confer.

12 The 30(b)(6) deposition went forward on the 27th
13 of September. There were objections interposed by JBS when
14 questions were sought to be asked, but there was no further
15 discussion amongst counsel, nor were these topics otherwise
16 addressed during the deposition itself.

17 There was, however, discussion of a number of
18 other depositions that would take place after the close of
19 fact discovery. And for that, I refer the parties to the
20 stipulation of November the 3rd, which goes on at some
21 length about a number of depositions that are going to be
22 taken afterwards, and also about the -- refer the parties to
23 the September 28th hearing on the letters rogatory for
24 Mr. Matsumoto's deposition in Canada.

25 There was a case management conference on the 17th

1 of October. There is discussion in the minutes -- or there
2 is a line in the minutes noting that many depositions are
3 going to be taken after the close of fact discovery. It
4 does not go into detail and, therefore, this deposition is
5 not discussed in those minutes, but neither is any other
6 deposition discussed in those minutes, or any other
7 post-close of fact discovery discussed in those minutes.

8 The deadline for fact discovery in this case was
9 October 31st. That was also the deadline for nondispositive
10 motions. Mr. Mitchell and I went back and forth a little
11 bit on this, but I will just reiterate as part of the ruling
12 that on September 9th of 2022, I did approve a stipulation
13 that extended fact discovery to November 14th. We then,
14 however, had case management order -- excuse me, pretrial
15 order number 1 issued by Judge Tunheim on October 4th at
16 docket number 1525, which changed that date and made the
17 close of fact discovery and the nondispositive motion
18 deadline the same, October the 31st of this year.

19 I am also denying the motion for a failure to meet
20 and confer. I take the meet-and-confer requirement
21 seriously. I think that the meet-and-confer requirement is
22 important not just for resolving matters, which it rarely
23 does, but for focusing matters and allowing efficient and --
24 I guess the word I'll use is "focused" use of the Court's
25 time and of the parties' time. People come to terms and

1 come to grips with the real issues that are in dispute.
2 There simply was not a meet-and-confer on these two topics
3 following the filing of the 30(b)(6) notice, and I cannot
4 find that a pre-30(b)(6) notice discussion back in August
5 serves as a meet-and-confer for a motion that is then filed
6 in October.

7 As to proportionality, what I will say about that
8 is that I do -- I know Mr. Mitchell feels strongly the other
9 way and I respect his opinions, and he did a very, very good
10 job of lawyering here today. However, I cannot, at the end
11 of it all, escape the conclusion that I expressed earlier,
12 which is when people are busy, as these lawyers have been,
13 they choose to work on the things that are most important.
14 And, therefore, it is telling to me that a number of DAPs
15 have not joined in this motion that could have,
16 notwithstanding that yes, they will benefit from it. And I
17 cannot get away from the conclusion that this motion was not
18 preceded by a meet-and-confer, was not brought up at a case
19 management conference, was not part of the November 3rd
20 stipulation, was really not grappled with at the deposition
21 itself on the 27th of September, and that does play into my
22 proportionality analysis.

23 As to JBS' objection that any 30(b)(6) deposition
24 testimony about the antitrust compliance policies would
25 necessarily implicate privilege and would necessarily call

1 for the legal conclusion, I reject that argument. I do not
2 accept it. However, based upon the reasons that I have
3 given for the ruling, it is not necessary for me to reach
4 that issue.

5 Mr. Mitchell, I understand you're disappointed, of
6 course, but do you have any questions or any requests for
7 clarification at this time?

8 MR. MITCHELL: No, not at this time. Thank you
9 very much, Your Honor.

10 THE COURT: Ms. Nelson?

11 MS. NELSON: No. Thank you for your time, Your
12 Honor.

13 THE COURT: All right. Well, thank you, all.
14 Have a good weekend, and I'm sure we'll be talking again.
15 Take care.

16 (Court adjourned at 3:51 p.m.)

17 * * *

18
19 I, Paula K. Richter, certify that the foregoing is
20 a correct transcript to the best of my ability from the
21 official digital recording in the above-entitled matter.

22
23 Certified by: s/ Paula K. Richter

24 Paula K. Richter, RMR-CRR-CRC
25